

比奥萨法尔定律

$$dB = \frac{\mu_0 I d\vec{l} \times \vec{r}}{4\pi r^3}$$

有限长直导线

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi r_0} (\cos \theta_1 - \cos \theta_2)$$

张角 α 的圆弧电流中心

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi R} \alpha = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} \frac{\alpha}{2\pi}$$

圆环

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I R^2}{2(R^2 + r_0^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$A = I(\Phi_f - \Phi_i)$$

$$\Phi = \frac{\mu_0 I l}{2\pi} \ln \frac{d_2}{d_1}$$

$$\vec{M} = \vec{m} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{m} = I S \vec{e}_n$$

$$\oint_l \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = - \iint \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \cdot d\vec{S}$$

$$U_{MA} = \epsilon_{AM} - Ir$$

能量密度

点电荷:

$$W_e = \frac{1}{2} \int V dq$$

电容器:

$$w_e = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2$$

$$W_e = \iiint_{\Omega} w_e d\tau$$

电感

$$\Psi = LI$$

静电场	稳恒电场
电荷周边, 对电荷有作用力	稳恒电场, 电流, 磁针有作用力
$F = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{qq_0}{r^2}$	$dF_{12} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{I_1 I_2 dl_2 \times (dl_1 \times e_{12})}{r_{12}^2}$
$E = \frac{F}{q}$	$B = \frac{F}{IL}$
$E = \int \frac{\lambda dl}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$	$dB = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{Id\vec{l} \times \vec{e}_r}{r^2}$

电场	
点电荷	$E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2} e_r$
偶极子	$E = \frac{ql}{4\pi\epsilon_0 \left(r^2 + \frac{l^2}{4}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ $E_{mid} = \frac{ql}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} = -\frac{p}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^3}$ $E_{ext} = \frac{2ql}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} = -\frac{2p}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^3}$
导线	$E = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi\epsilon_0 d}$ $E_x = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi\epsilon_0 d} (\sin \theta_2 - \sin \theta_1)$ $E_y = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi\epsilon_0 d} (\cos \theta_2 - \cos \theta_1)$ $E = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} n$

磁场	
导线	$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi a} (\cos \theta_1 - \cos \theta_2)$ $B_{mid} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a} \cos \theta$ $B_\infty = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a}$ $B_{\frac{\infty}{2}} = \frac{B_\infty}{2}$ $B_{ext} = 0$
圆环	$B = \frac{\mu_0 I R^2}{2(R^2 + z^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ $B \approx \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} e_n$
螺线管	$B = \frac{\mu_0 n I}{2} (\cos \beta_2 - \cos \beta_1)$ $B_\infty = \mu_0 n I$ $B_{\frac{\infty}{2}} = \frac{B_\infty}{2}$

高斯定理	稳恒电场
$\Phi_E = \oiint E \cdot dS = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \sum q$ $\oint_L E \cdot dl = 0$	$\Phi_B = \oiint B \cdot dS = 0$ $\oint_L B \cdot dl = \mu_0 \sum I$

静电场	感应电场
$\oiint E \cdot dS = \frac{q}{\epsilon_0}$ $\oint_L E \cdot dl = 0$	$\oiint E_k \cdot dS = 0$ $\oint_L E_k \cdot dl = -\iint_S \frac{\partial B}{\partial t} dS$

磁介质	电解质
$H = \frac{B}{\mu_0} - M$	$D = \epsilon_0 E + P$
$B = \mu_r \mu_0 H$	$D = \chi_r \epsilon_0 E$
$H_{1t} = H_{2t}$ $B_{1n} = B_{2n}$	$D_{1n} = D_{2n}$ $E_{1t} = E_{2t}$
$w_m = \frac{1}{2} BH = \frac{1}{2} LI^2$	$w_e = \frac{1}{2} DE = \frac{1}{2} QU$

$$\oint_S \mathbf{D} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = 0$$

$$\oint_S \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = 0$$

$$\oint_l \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = - \iint_S \frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$

$$\oint_l \mathbf{H} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \iint_S \frac{\partial \mathbf{D}}{\partial t} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$

$$\frac{\sin i_1}{\sin i_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

马吕斯定律:

$$I_2 = I_1 \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{I_0}{2} \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$i_b = \arctan\left(\frac{n_2}{n_1}\right)$$

- $n_e > n_o$ 正晶体
- $n_e < n_o$ 负晶体

二分之一波片:

- 线偏振-线偏振
- 圆偏振-圆偏振

四分之一波片

- 线偏振光入射角 $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$ 圆偏振光
- 反之。

$$\text{明 } x_m = m \frac{L}{d} \lambda$$

$$\text{暗 } x_m = (2m - 1) \frac{\lambda}{2} \frac{L}{d}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{L}{d} \lambda$$

$$\Delta d = \frac{\lambda}{2n}$$

$$\Delta l = \frac{\lambda}{2n\theta}$$

$$\delta = 2nd + \frac{\lambda}{2} = \begin{cases} m\lambda & \text{明} \\ (2m + 1)\frac{\lambda}{2} & \text{暗} \end{cases}$$

$$r^2 = R^2 - (R - d)^2 \approx 2dR$$

$$\Delta \lambda = \frac{\lambda^2}{2\Delta D}$$

夫琅禾费单缝衍射

$$a \sin \theta = m\lambda$$

夫琅禾费圆孔衍射

艾里斑半径

$$R = 1.22 \frac{\lambda}{D} f$$

最小分辨角

$$\theta_0 = \theta_1 \approx \sin \theta_1 = 1.22 \frac{\lambda}{D}$$

N缝 两明纹间有N-1条暗纹 N-2 个次极大

$$R = \frac{\lambda}{\Delta\lambda} = mN - 1 \approx mN$$

布拉格公式

$$2d \sin \varphi = m\lambda$$

斯土藩定律

$$M_B = \sigma T^4$$

维恩位移定律

$$T\lambda_m = b$$

$$eU_a = \frac{1}{2}mv_0^2$$

$$U_a = k(\nu - \nu_0)$$

$$h\nu = W_0 + \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$L_n = n\hbar$$

$$E_n = \frac{E_1}{n^2}, E_1 = -13.6eV$$

德布罗意波

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$$

$$\Delta x \Delta p_x \geq h$$

$$\Delta E \Delta t \geq h$$

归一化

$$P = |\Psi(r, t)|^2 dV$$

$$\rho = \frac{P}{dV}$$

$$\int_{\Omega} \Psi(r, t) \Psi^*(r, t) dV = 1$$

$$\hat{H}\Phi(r) = E\Phi(r)$$

$$\hat{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + U(x, t)$$

$$L^2 = l(l+1)\hbar^2, l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n-1$$

$$L_z = m_l \hbar, m_l = -l, -l+1, \dots, l-1, l$$

自旋磁矩与自旋角动量

$$\mu_s = -\frac{e}{m_e} \mathbf{S} = -\frac{e}{m_e} m_s \hbar, m_s = -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}$$